Auc Issued	ditir Lunde	1 g F r P.A.	Procedu 2 of 1968, as	ires Re amended ar	port ld P.A. 71 of 1919,	as amended.						
Loca	I Unit	of Gov	ernment Typ	е			Local Unit Nar	me		County		
	Coun	ty	□City	□Twp	□Village	⊠Other	Ottawa					
	al Yea				Opinion Date			Date Audit Report Submit	ted to State			
	30/06				10/20/06			12/8/06				
We a	ffirm	that	• •									
We a	re ce	ertifie	d public a	ccountants	licensed to pr	actice in M	ichigan.					
					erial, "no" resp ments and reco			sed in the financial state	ments, inclu	iding the notes, or in the		
	YES	8	Check ea	ach applic	able box belo	w. (See ins	structions for	further detail.)				
1.	×				nent units/fund es to the financ				nancial state	ements and/or disclosed in the		
2.	X							unit's unreserved fund ba budget for expenditures.	lances/unre	estricted net assets		
3.	X		The local	unit is in o	compliance wit	h the Unifor	rm Chart of A	Accounts issued by the D	epartment	of Treasury.		
4.	×		The local	unit has a	dopted a budg	et for all re	quired funds	i.				
5.	×		A public h	nearing on	the budget wa	as held in a	ccordance w	rith State statute.				
6.	×				ot violated the ssued by the L				ne Emergen	cy Municipal Loan Act, or		
7.	X		The local	unit has n	ot been delinq	uent in dist	ributing tax r	evenues that were collec	ted for ano	ther taxing unit.		
8.	×		The local	unit only l	nolds deposits/	investment/	s that compl	y with statutory requirem	ents.			
9.	×							that came to our attentioned (see Appendix H of B		d in the <i>Bulletin for</i>		
10.	X		that have	not been	previously con	nmunicated	to the Local			luring the course of our audit If there is such activity that has		
11.	X		The local	unit is free	e of repeated o	comments f	rom previous	s years.				
12.	X		The audit	opinion is	UNQUALIFIE	D.						
13.	X				omplied with G		GASB 34 as	s modified by MCGAA St	atement #7	and other generally		
14.	×		The boar	d or counc	il approves all	invoices pr	ior to payme	ent as required by charter	or statute.			
15.	X		To our kr	owledge,	bank reconcilia	ations that v	were reviewe	ed were performed timely				
inclu des	uded cripti	in th on(s)	nis or any of the aut	other aud hority and		do they ob า.	otain a stand	d-alone audit, please en		the audited entity and is not ame(s), address(es), and a		
			closed the	-		Enclosed	1	ed (enter a brief justification)	 			
			tements			\boxtimes						
The	elette	er of (Comments	and Reco	mmendations	X						
Oth	er (D	escrib	e)				No other r	o other reports required.				
			Accountant (F	irm Name)		1		Telephone Number	Telephone Number			
			Robson					(616) 975-4100				
	et Add 30F		ris Avenu	ı	Roy 6547			City Grand Rapids	State MI	Zip 49516		
			Signaturo -	io, i .O. E) 	Duit	atod Namo	Grand Mapids	Liconco			

Stephen W. Blann, CPA, CGFM

24801

HERRICK DISTRICT LIBRARY HOLLAND, MICHIGAN

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis	3-9
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities Fund Financial Statements:	10 11
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to the Net Assets of Governmental Activities on the Statement	12
of Net Assets	13
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	16 17
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	18
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	19
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds Notes to Financial Statements	20 21-31
Combining Financial Statements:	
Fiduciary Funds:	
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	32
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Agency Funds	33
Compliance and Internal Control	
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	34

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 20, 2006

Members of the District Library Board Herrick District Library Holland, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Herrick District Library, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Herrick District Library. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Herrick District Library as of June 30, 2006, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 20, 2006 on our consideration of Herrick District Library's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3-9 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Herrick District Library's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of Herrick District Library's basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly presented, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Rehmann Lohson

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Herrick District Library (the "Library"), we offer readers of the Herrick District Library financial statements this narrative review and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2006. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Again this year we did not use all funds that the Board budgeted for library operations for the year. The reasons are two fold: our income projections were exceeded by about \$112,000 but all of our budgeted activity did not occur. While we saw \$40,000 more income from our millage and \$70,000 more in interest earnings than we budgeted, we were not able to contract for professional services to move the building projects again this year. We need to explore our financing options further to learn what limitation there may be, if any, on the expansion of the North Branch Library and renovation of the Herrick Library. We have yet to pay off the original bonds issued by the Holland Building Authority to construct the buildings we are in.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Library's financial statements. The Library's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide statements
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements

This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Statements

The <u>statement of net assets</u> presents information on all of the Library's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as <u>net assets</u>. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Library is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how the Library's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related* cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in past or future fiscal periods (for instance, depreciation expense associated with capital assets).

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 10 and 11 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Library, like other units of state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The activity of the Library is accounted for in governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same function reported in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for the governmental funds with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and the government-wide statements.

The Library maintains three governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, capital projects fund, and permanent fund each of which are major funds for financial reporting purposes as defined by GASB Statement #34.

The Library adopts an annual appropriated budget for the General fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with that budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 12-16 of this report.

The Library maintains two proprietary funds. Financial statements can be found on pages 17-19 of this report.

The Library also maintains fiduciary funds, which can be found on page 20 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Library's financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 21-31 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*. This is limited to this management discussion and analysis.

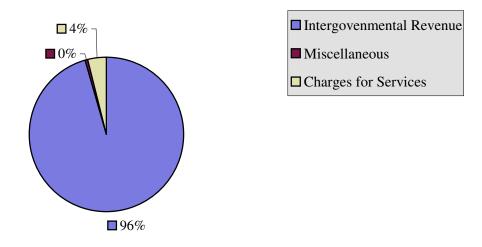
Herrick District Library Net Assets

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Busines <u>Activi</u>	<i>,</i> .	<u>Total</u>		
	<u>2005</u> <u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 5,702,163 10,776,971	\$ 5,698,892 10,338,142	\$1,978 -	\$1,477 -	\$ 5,704,141 10,776,971	\$ 5,700,369 10,338,142	
Total assets	16,479,134	16,037,034	1,978	1,477	16,481,112	16,038,511	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	6,840,293 187,929 7,028,222	6,156,861 205,992 6,362,853	267 267	343 343	6,840,293 188,196 7,028,489	6,156,861 206,335 6,363,196	
Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	4,131,971 5,318,941	4,393,142 5,281,039	- 1,711	- 1,134_	4,131,971 5,320,652	4,393,142 5,282,173	
Total net assets	\$ 9,450,912	\$ 9,674,181	\$1,711	\$1,134	\$ 9,452,623	\$ 9,675,315	

Herrick District Library Change in Net Assets

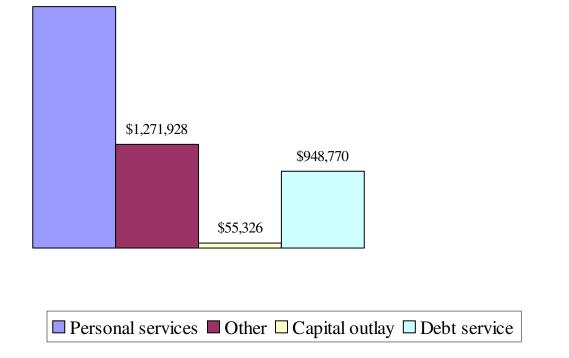
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-typ	e Activities	<u>Total</u>		
	2005	2006	2005	2006	2005	2006	
Revenue:					· <u></u>		
Program revenue:							
Charges for services	\$ 193,529	\$ 204,188	\$3,750	\$3,214	\$ 197,279	\$ 207,402	
Operating grants	20,432	18,737	-	-	20,432	18,737	
General revenue:							
Intergovernmental revenue	4,805,904	4,937,364	-	-	4,805,904	4,937,364	
Investment earnings (loss)	(397,861)	29,800			(397,861)	29,800	
Total revenue	4,622,004	5,190,089	3,750	3,214	4,625,754	5,193,303	
Expenses: Library services Employee vending services Interest on long-term debt Total expenses	4,535,521 - 267,725 4,803,246	4,736,107 - 248,770 4,984,877	5,403 - 5,403	4,191 - 4,191	4,535,521 5,403 267,725 4,808,649	4,513,182 4,191 248,770 4,766,143	
Increase (decrease) before transfers	(181,242)	205,212	(1,653)	(977)	(182,895)	204,235	
Transfers	(400)	(400)	400	400	-	-	
Increase (decrease) in net assets	(181,642)	204,812	(1,253)	500	(182,895)	204,235	
Net assets – beginning of year	9,632,554	9,469,369	2,964	1,711	9,635,518	9,471,080	
Net assets – end of year	\$9,450,912	\$ 9,674,181	\$1,711	\$1,134	\$9,452,623	\$9,675,315	

Revenues by Source - Governmental Funds



Expenditures - Governmental Funds

\$2,974,537



General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no significant modifications from the original to the amended budget for the general fund during the current year.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Herrick District Library Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmen	ital Activities
	2005	2006
Land Construction in progress Office equipment and furniture Building and improvements Equipment and machinery	\$ 617,975 303 750,667 9,248,859 159,167	\$ 617,975 1,513 690,965 8,857,221 170,468
Total	\$10,776,971	\$10,338,142

Additional information on the Library's capital assets can be found in note 3 on page 28 of this report.

Long-term debt

Herrick District Library Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities				
	2005	2006			
Capital lease agreements	\$6,645,000	\$5,945,000			

Additional information on the Library's long-term debt can be found in Note 5 on pages 30 and 31 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

This year public libraries saw their financial support from the State of Michigan decrease. This State aid is going to continue to be unpredictable until the State's economy stabilizes and a revised corporate tax structure is in place.

Fortunately the loss of \$16,000 in State aid was offset by an increase in \$30,000 in penal fines. While the instability of State aid presents a problem for us, the possibility that penal fine revenue may begin to trend upward would be good news. Revenue from the District Courts penal fine assessments is four times more important to us than State aid. We are hopeful that the impact of the Legislature's "parallel ordinance" legislation has reached its peak. Again, however, penal fines are as predictable as State aid. It will take a few more years before we can tell if this year was the beginning of good news regarding penal fine revenue.

As in the past, it is the local millage that really makes the Herrick District Library what it has become. We have written about the impact we experience by applying the same millage rate across all four municipalities within the district library agreement: we see revenue growth that does not keep pace with inflation:

	MILLAGE	MILLAGE	DIFFERENCE
<u>MUNICIPALITY</u>	THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	AS PERCENT
Holland City	1,495,284	1,482,784	12,500 (0.84%)
Holland Township	1,595,740	1,554,845	40,895 (2.63%)
Laketown Township	383,409	376,827	6,582 (1.7%)
Park Township	<u>1,033,820</u>	<u>1,001,301</u>	<u>32,519 (3.25%)</u>
All Jurisdictions	4,508,253	4,415,757	92,496 (2.1%)

It is possible that a day will come when one or more of the participating municipalities will provide less revenue to the Library's budget than it did in the previous year. This comes about because of the varying rates of property development occurring across the district as well as the use of tax increment financing plans to encourage economic development.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

If the Library could not see improvement in its operating revenue coming in 2010, planning for the future would be bleak. However, when a part of the Library's construction debt is paid of in 2010, the residual capital millage that is subtracted from the total "rolled back" voted 1.5 mils might permit the operational millage to return to the original voted 1.1 mils. Given this opportunity and a healthy fund balance, the Board has approved budgets that exceed the revenue from the Library's annual operating millage. This has permitted the Library to maintain the level of service its customers enjoy.

Every year the Board will need to assess whether the taxpayers are well served by that action or not. The use of our buildings suggests our taxpayers are enthusiastic about their libraries:

	CIRCULATION	CIRCULATION	DIFFERENCE
<u>LIBRARY</u>	THIS YEAR	LAST YEAR	AS PERCENT
Herrick	996,086	965,747	3.14%
North Branch	<u>246,654</u>	<u>221,299</u>	<u>11.46%</u>
Both libraries	1,242,740	1,187,046	4.69%

In fact, at 11 circulations per person, the level of circulation here ranks among the top dozen busiest libraries throughout the State.

Given this reality, we believe the Library Board has made the right decision.

This situation would be challenging in and of itself but it is made even more challenging because the Library, like other public libraries, is in the middle of significant transitions in formats to inform and entertain our community. We are challenged to make the maximum use of electronic and digital resources while we maintain our traditional level of print materials. We are challenged to add new audiovisual formats while our users are still enjoying earlier formats. These challenges may be managed comfortably when finances increase to meet them. However, in our tight financial situation we need to move cautiously and sometimes abruptly when we commit to new formats. Our budget does not permit otherwise.

Beyond these issues, we are keeping a watchful eye on a lawsuit that has been filed on the east side of the State. It concerns the rights of those who do not pay taxes in support of a public library to fully access services from that library. It may impact how communities contract to serve their residents. Should service contracts become null and void, it would further reduce our state aid and penal fine support by as much as \$85,000. The Supreme Court is expected to hear the case during their 2006/07 term.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Library's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Director, Herrick District Library, 300 South River Avenue, Holland, Michigan 49423.



Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

		overnmental Activities		siness- Type tivities		Total
Assets				_		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	5,289,747	\$	1,054	\$	5,290,801
Receivables - net:	Ψ	3,203,747	Ψ	1,004	Ψ	3,230,001
Accounts		_		423		423
Taxes		1,536		-		1,536
Due from other governmental units		407,609		_		407,609
Capital assets		.07,000				.07,000
Land		617,975		_		617,975
Construction in progress		1,513		-		1,513
Depreciable capital assets, net		9,718,654		_		9,718,654
		, ,				, ,
Total assets		16,037,034		1,477		16,038,511
						_
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		124,614		343		124,957
Accrued payroll and benefits		43,480		-		43,480
Accrued interest		37,898		-		37,898
Long term liabilities:						
Earned employee compensated absences		211,861		-		211,861
Capital leases payable:						
Due within one year		760,000		-		760,000
Due after one year		5,185,000		-		5,185,000
Total liabilities		6 262 952		343		6 262 106
Total habilities		6,362,853		343		6,363,196
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		4,393,142		_		4,393,142
Unrestricted		5,281,039		1,134		5,282,173
- Chi dottilotod		0,201,000		1,104		5,252,175
Total net assets	\$	9,674,181	\$	1,134	\$	9,675,315

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2006

				Program	Reveni	ıes			•	ses) Revenue In Net Asse	
			CI	narges for	0	perating	Go	overnmental	Busi	ness-type	
Functions / Programs		Expenses		Services		Grants		Activities	Ac	ctivities	 Total
Governmental activities											
Library services	\$	4,736,107	\$	204,188	\$	18,737	\$	(4,513,182)	\$	-	\$ (4,513,182)
Interest on long-term debt		248,770		-		-		(248,770)		-	(248,770)
		4,984,877		204,188		18,737		(4,761,952)		-	(4,761,952)
Business-type activities											
Employee's vending fund	\$	4,191	\$	3,214	\$	-		-		(977)	(977)
	lı L	neral revenues ntergovernmen Jnrestricted invansfers - interna	tal estmen	•				4,937,364 29,800 (400)		- - 400	4,937,364 29,800
	Tot	tal general reve	nues a	nd transfers				4,966,764		400	4,967,164
	Ch	ange in net ass	ets					204,812		(577)	204,235
	Ne	Net assets - beginning of year, as restated					9,469,369		1,711	9,471,080	
	Ne	t assets - endin	g of ye	ar			\$	9,674,181	\$	1,134	\$ 9,675,315

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2006

	General	Capital rojects	Endowment Special Revenue	Total
Assets				
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 2,857,294	\$ 309,356	\$ 1,911,236	\$ 5,077,886
Receivables - Net:				
Due from Other Governmental Units	407,609	-	-	407,609
Taxes	1,536	-	-	1,536
Total assets	\$ 3,266,439	\$ 309,356	\$ 1,911,236	\$ 5,487,031
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 124,558	\$ _	\$ 56	\$ 124,614
Accrued payroll and benefits	43,480	-	-	43,480
Total liabilities	168,038	-	56	168,094
Fund balances				
Unreserved				
Designated				
For reinvestment	-	-	1,261,328	1,261,328
Replacement of equipment	56,101	-	150,000	206,101
Undesignated	3,042,300	309,356	499,852	3,851,508
Total fund balances	3,098,401	 309,356	1,911,180	5,318,937
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,266,439	\$ 309,356	\$ 1,911,236	\$ 5,487,031

Reconciliation of the Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for the Governmental Funds to the Net Assets of the Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2006

Fund balances- total governmental funds	\$ 5,318,937
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in the governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Add - land	617,975
Add - construction in progress	1,513
Add - capital assets	13,252,898
Deduct - accumulated depreciation	(3,534,244)
Certain liabilities, such as leases payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Deduct - leases payable	(5,945,000)
Deduct - accrued interest on long term liabilities	(37,898)
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(= ,==)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 9,674,181

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2006

	General	Capital Projects	Endowment Special Revenue	Total
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,937,364	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,937,364
Charges for services, fines and fees	204,145	-	-	204,145
Investment earnings (loss)	143,086	12,044	(125,330)	29,800
Miscellaneous	714	-	18,066	18,780
Total revenues	5,285,309	12,044	(107,264)	5,190,089
Expenditures				
Current:				
Personal services	2,974,537	-	-	2,974,537
Other services and charges	1,268,125	-	3,803	1,271,928
Debt service:				
Principal	700,000	-	-	700,000
Interest	248,770	-	-	248,770
Capital outlay	54,116	1,210	-	55,326
Total expenditures	5,245,548	1,210	3,803	5,250,561
Revenues over (under) expenditures	39,761	10,834	(111,067)	(60,472)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	5,500	-	-	5,500
Transfers out	(400)	-	(5,500)	(5,900)
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,100	-	(5,500)	(400)
Net changes in fund balances	44,861	10,834	(116,567)	(60,872)
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	3,053,540	298,522	2,027,747	5,379,809
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 3,098,401	\$ 309,356	\$ 1,911,180	\$ 5,318,937

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2006

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (60,872)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Add - capital outlay Deduct - depreciation expense	55,826 (492,806)
Repayment of lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Add - principal payments on long-term leases	700,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	
Deduct - disposal of undepreciated capital assets Add - decrease in accrued interest on long term liabilities	 (1,849) 4,513

\$ 204,812

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Change in net assets of governmental activities

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Original	Amended		/ariance Over
	 Budget	 Budget	 Actual	 (Under)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,888,571	\$ 4,888,571	\$ 4,937,364	\$ 48,793
Charges for services, fines and fees	210,950	210,950	204,145	(6,805)
Investment earnings	73,000	73,000	143,086	70,086
Miscellaneous	1,200	1,200	714	(486)
Total revenues	5,173,721	5,173,721	5,285,309	111,588
Expenditures				
Current:				
Personal services	3,061,511	3,061,511	2,974,537	(86,974)
Other services and charges	1,346,526	1,372,126	1,268,125	(104,001)
Debt service				
Principal	700,000	700,000	700,000	-
Interest	248,770	248,770	248,770	-
Capital outlay	90,000	86,432	54,116	(32,316)
Total expenditures	5,446,807	5,468,839	5,245,548	(223,291)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(273,086)	(295,118)	39,761	334,879
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	75,000	75,000	5,500	(69,500)
Transfers out	(400)	(400)	(400)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	74,600	74,600	5,100	(69,500)
	,	,	-,	(,,
Net changes in fund balances	(198,486)	(220,518)	44,861	265,379
Fund balances, beginning of year,				
as restated	3,053,540	3,053,540	3,053,540	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,855,054	\$ 2,833,022	\$ 3,098,401	\$ 265,379

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2006

		Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities	
	V	nployee ending Fund	Compensated Absences Internal Service Fund		
Assets					
Cash and pooled investments	\$	1,054	\$	211,861	
Accounts receivable - net		423		-	
Total assets, all current		1,477		211,861	
Liabilities					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable		343		-	
Non-current liabilities					
Earned employee compensated absences		-		211,861	
Total liabilities		343		211,861	
Net assets					
Unrestricted	\$	1,134	\$	-	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activities		Governmental Activities Compensated	
	Employee Vending Fund			
Operating revenues	 			
User fees and charges for services	\$ 3,214	\$	16,568	
Operating expenses				
Operations	4,191		16,568	
Operating income (loss)	(977)		-	
Transfers				
Transfers in	400			
Change in net assets	(577)		-	
Net assets, beginning of year	1,711			
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,134	\$	-	

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Business-Type Activities Employee Vending Fund		Governmental Activities	
			A	npensated bsences internal vice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities				
Receipts from interfund services provided	\$	-	\$	16,568
Receipts from customers		2,874		-
Payments to suppliers		(4,115)		-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(1,241)		16,568
Oash flavor frame associated financian activities				
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities Transfer in		400		_
Transier in		+00		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and pooled investments		(841)		16,568
Cash and pooled investments, beginning of year		1,895		195,293
Cash and pooled investments, end of year	\$	1,054	\$	211,861
Ocale flavor from an auditor cativities				
Cash flows from operating activities	ф	(077)	Φ	
Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	\$	(977)	\$	-
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
which provided (used) cash:				
Accounts receivable		(340)		_
Accounts receivable Accounts payable		76		_
Compensated absences payable		-		16,568
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	(1,241)	\$	16,568
1131 34311 provided by (4004 III) operating detivities	Ψ	(1,411)	Ψ	10,000

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

June 30, 2006

Assets

Cash and pooled investments	\$	48,708
Liabilities	Φ.	40.700
Other accrued liabilities and deposits	\$	48,708

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the Herrick District Library (the "Library") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

The Reporting Entity

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the Library. There are no component units to be included. Criteria for including a component unit include entities for which the Library is considered to be financially accountable.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Agency funds, however, do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eliqibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Library considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Intergovernmental revenue, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Library.

The Library reports the following major funds:

The *General Fund* is the Library's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and disbursements for construction projects of governmental funds.

The Endowment *Special Revenue Fund* is used to account for the balances and activities from contributions made to provide funds for library operations.

The *Employee Vending Enterprise Fund* is used to account for the balances and activities of the various activities benefiting employees which is financed through user charges which support this service.

Additionally, the Library reports the following fund types:

The *Internal Service Fund* accounts for the accumulation of both the liability and the resources to pay the compensated absences liability at year end.

Agency Funds are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989 generally are followed in both the government—wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standard do not conflict with or contradict guidance of Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise fund are charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include cafeteria expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Comparisons to budget are presented for the general fund as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The Library follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Library Director submits to the District Library Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund.
- 5. Budgets for the General Fund are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the Library are governed by Public Act 621, which was followed for the year ended June 30, 2006. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations. The appropriations resolutions are based on the projected expenditures. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Public Act 621. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the District Library Board.
- 7. Budgets for expenditures are adopted at the fund level.
- 8. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the District Library Board.

Cash and Pooled Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Library considers all assets held in the cash and investment pool to be cash equivalents because the investments are not identifiable to specific funds and the assets can be withdrawn at anytime, similar to a demand deposit account.

<u>Investments</u>

Investments consist of U.S. Government backed debt securities and money market funds. Investments are carried at fair value.

Statutory Authority

State statues authorize the Library to invest in:

a. Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 9140 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through 12/31/97.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are valued at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable.

Depreciation on capital assets of the Library is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Land improvements	10-20
Buildings	40
Equipment and machinery	7-10
Office equipment and furniture	5-7

The Library has elected not to capitalize its collection of library books because management feels that to do so would be impractical. Purchases of books are recorded as current expenditures in the year purchased. Purchases of library books for the year ended June 30, 2006 amounted to \$274,682.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, the long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Intergovernmental Revenue

The Library's primary source of funding is intergovernmental revenue. This funding includes contributions by the City of Holland, Holland Charter Township, Park Township and Laketown Township based on collection of a unified millage on property values. This revenue source also includes Library State Aid and fines collected by other governments.

Accrued Vacation Time

Under contracts negotiated with employee groups, individual employees have a vested right to receive payments for unused vacation benefits under formulas and conditions specified in the contracts.

Accrued vacation leave is recorded as an internal service fund liability at June 30, 2006.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the Library has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services and subsidies. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as revenues and expenditures and transfers. The amounts recorded as subsidies, advances, or equity contributions are determined by the Library.

-			fers Out owment	
Transfers In	Gene	ral Fund	pecial nue Fund	Total
Major Governmental Fund: General Fund Major Enterprise Fund: Employee Vending Fund	\$	- 400	\$ 5,500	\$ 5,500 400
Total	\$	400	\$ 5,500	\$ 5,900

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Transfers are used to move revenues earned in the Endowment Special Revenue and General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Library carried commercial insurance to cover all risks of losses. The Library has had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded their commercial coverage in the past fiscal year.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The captions on the financial statements relating to deposits and investments are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 5,289,747	\$ 1,054	\$ 48,708	\$5,339,509
Cash and pooled investments	s consists of the follow	ving:		
Checking/savings accounts Certificates of deposit (due w Investments Petty cash	ithin one year)			\$1,257,564 2,128,692 1,951,630 1,623
				\$5,339,509

Deposits and certificates of deposit are in four (4) financial institutions located in Michigan. State law limits the Library's depository options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the Library.

The Library chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. As of year end, the Library had the following investments:

<u>Investments</u>

	<u>Maturity</u>	Maturity Fair Value	
Fifth Third Government Money Market Fund Federal Home Loan Bank Debt Securities Federal Home Loan Bank Debt Securities	N/A 12/29/06 6/13/08	\$ 49,290 995,630 906,710	Unrated S&P AAA S&P AAA
		\$1,951,630	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1 (summary of significant accounting policies). The Library's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity dates for each applicable investment are identified above for investments held at year-end.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposits and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools as identified in Note 1 (summary of significant accounting policies). The Library investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. Credit ratings for investments held at year are identified above.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned. The Library minimizes this risk by prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors to be in compliance with the requirements set forth in the Library's investment policy. As of year end, \$1,981,053 of the Library's bank balance of \$2,381,053 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Library will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Library minimized this risk by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries and advisors to be in compliance with the requirements set forth in the Library's investment policy. Of the above \$1,951,630 in investments, the Library has a custodial credit risk exposure of \$1,902,340 because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and held by the government's brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these particular securities. Mutual funds are not subject to custodial credit because there are specifically identifiable securities associated with the Library's portion of each fund.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in Note 1 (summary of significant accounting policies). The Library's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

Changes in capital assets for the year ending June 30, 2006, are as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Dispositions	Balance June 30, 2006
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress Total capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 617,975 303 618,278	\$ - 1,210 1,210	\$ - - -	\$ 617,975 1,513 619,488
Capital assets, being depreciated Improvements other than buildings Buildings Equipment and machinery Office equipment and furniture Total capital assets being depreciated	191,433 11,368,578 533,451 1,135,496 13,228,958	50,288 4,328 54,616	30,676 - 30,676	191,433 11,368,578 553,063 1,139,824 13,252,898
Less accumulated depreciation for: Improvements other than buildings Buildings Equipment and machinery Office equipment and furniture	60,099 2,251,053 374,284 384,829	8,947 382,691 37,138 64,030	- - 28,827 	69,046 2,633,744 382,595 448,859
Total accumulated depreciation	3,070,265	492,806	28,827	3,534,244
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	10,158,693	(438,190)	1,849	9,718,654
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$10,776,971	\$ (436,980)	\$ 1,849	\$10,338,142

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities: Library services

\$492,806

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

4. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan

The Library participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined pension plan providing retirement, death and disability benefits covering full-time and part-time Library employees. The System is administered by the MERS retirement board. Act No. 427 of the Public Acts of 1984, as amended, establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. A publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for MERS may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees Retirement System of Michigan, 447 North Canal Road, Lansing, Michigan 48917 or by calling (800) 767-6377.

The Library is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 11.50% of annual covered payroll. Participating employees are not required to contribute to the Plan. The contribution requirements of the Library are established and may be amended by the MERS Retirement Board.

The required contribution was determined as part of the December 31, 2003 actuarial valuation using the entry age actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included: (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8%; (b) projected salary increases of 4.5% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation; and (c) additional projected salary increases of 0.0% to 4.16% per year, depending on age, attributable to seniority/merit. The actuarial value of MERS assets was determined on the basis of a valuation method that assumes the fund earns the expected rate of return and includes an adjustment to reflect market value. The Library's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2005, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, was 30 years.

The Library's Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation for the current year are as follows:

Annual pension cost Contributions made	\$ 202,996 (202,996)
Decrease in net Pension Obligation Net Pension Obligation beginning of year	
Net Pension Obligation end of year	\$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

Three-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ended 2004 2005	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2004	\$179,267	100%	\$ -
2005	202,843	100%	-
2006	202,996	100%	-

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
12/31/03	\$3,124,434	\$4,085,463	\$961,029	76%	\$1,606,096	60%
12/31/04	3,377,173	4,341,350	964,177	78%	1,695,922	57%
12/31/05	3,659,438	4,676,324	1,016,886	78%	1,658,699	61%

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of debt transactions of the Library for the year ended June 30, 2006:

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2006	Due Within One Year
Capital lease payable to the City of Holland Building Authority, due in annual installments of \$325,000 to\$350,000, through May 1, 2009, interest at 4.30%	* 4.000.000		.		
to 4.375%.	\$ 1,300,000	\$	- \$ 275,000	\$ 1,025,000	\$ 325,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2006

	Balance July 1, 2005	Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2006	Due Within One Year		
Capital lease payable to the City of Holland Building Authority, due in annual installments of \$425,000 to \$475,000, through May 2017, interest at 2.25% to 4.35%.	\$ 5,345,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	425,000	\$4,920,000	\$	435,000	
Subtotal – installment debt	6,645,000		-		700,000	5,945,000		760,000	
Compensated absences	195,293		16,568			211,861		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$ 6,840,293	\$	16,568	\$	700,000	\$6,156,861	\$	760,000	

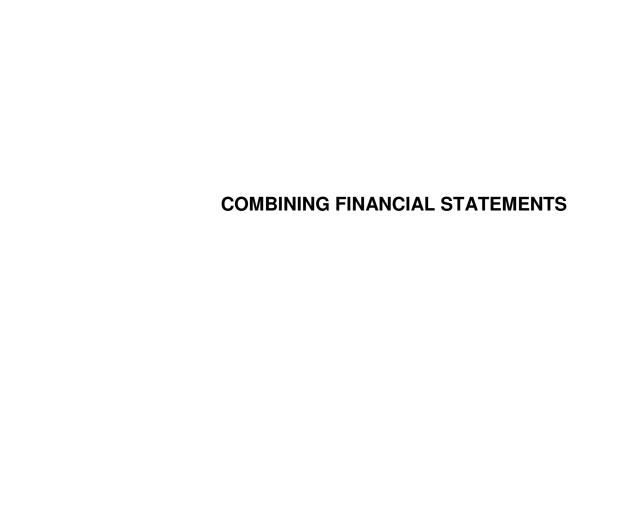
The following is a schedule of annual future minimum lease payments required under the capital leases payable at June 30, 2006:

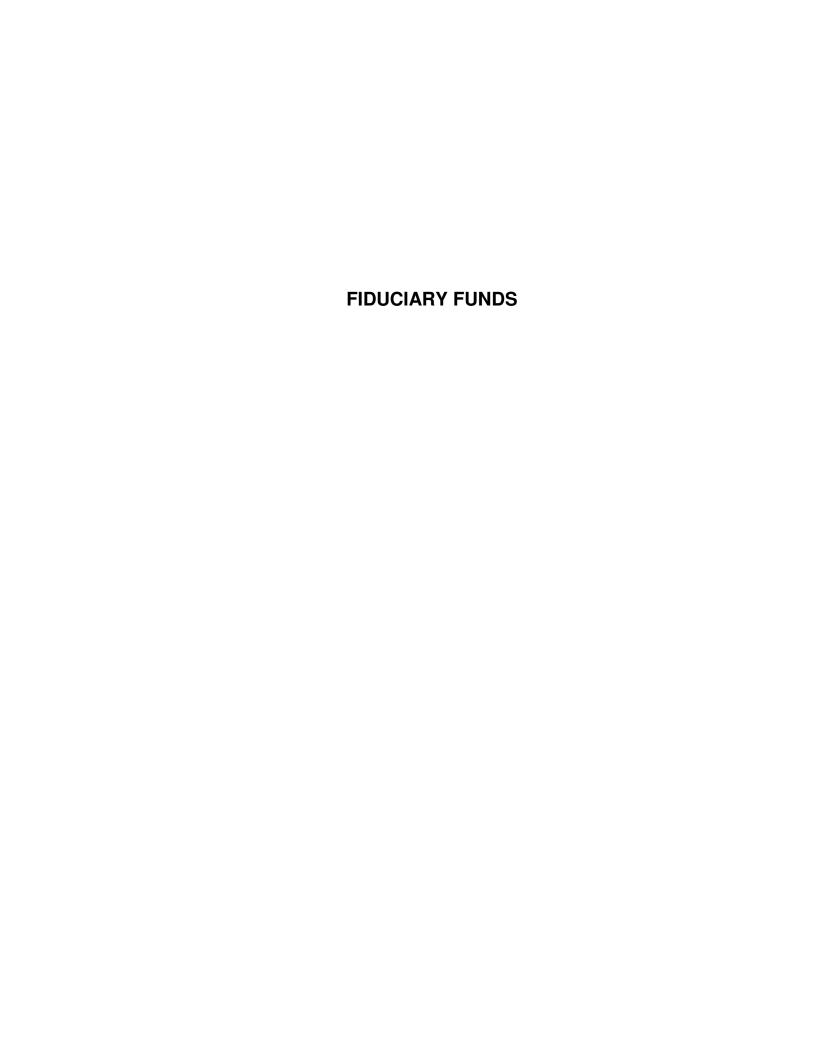
	 Principal Interest		nterest	 Total
2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012-2016	\$ 760,000 785,000 805,000 435,000 445,000 2,285,000	\$	227,383 202,532 174,432 144,332 131,282 372,348	\$ 987,383 987,532 979,432 579,332 576,282 2,657,348
2017	 430,000		18,277	 448,277
Total	\$ 5,945,000	\$	1,270,586	\$ 7,215,586

6. RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR

Fund balance of the general fund was increased by \$322,655 as of July 1, 2005 to properly reflect the accrual of penal fines at year end. Net assets of governmental activities and fund balance of the general fund were both increased by \$18,457 to properly record self-insurance premiums in the correct accounting period.

* * * * * *





Combining Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

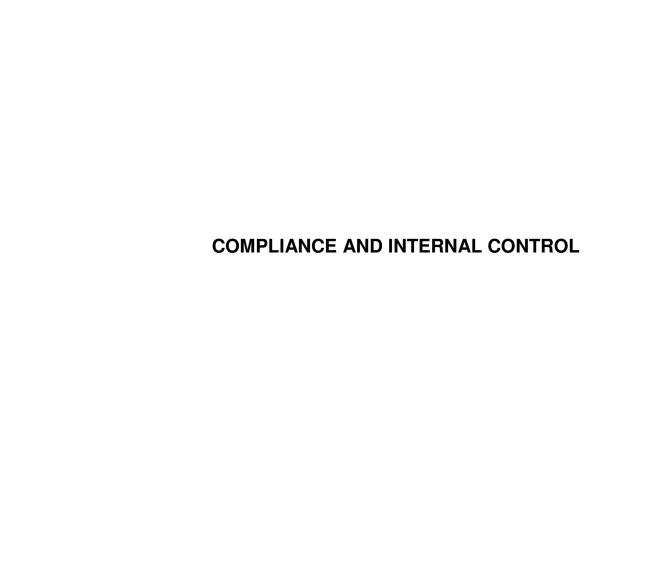
June 30, 2006

	nprest Payroll	F B	ployees' lexible enefits Plan	Total		
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$ 43,604	\$	5,104	\$	48,708	
Liabilities Other accrued liabilities and deposits	\$ 43,604	\$	5,104	\$	48,708	

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2006

	Balance July 1, 2005		Additions				Balance June 30, 2006	
Imprest Payroll								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$	42,519 561	\$	8,307,007	\$	8,305,922 561	\$	43,604 -
Total assets	\$	43,080	\$	8,307,007	\$	8,306,483	\$	43,604
Liabilities								
Other accrued liabilities and deposits	\$	43,080	\$	2,305,080	\$	2,304,556	\$	43,604
Frankrich Parith Parith Plan								
Employees' Flexible Benefits Plan								
Assets Cash and pooled investments	\$	5,079	\$	22,389	\$	22,364	\$	5,104
Liabilities Other accrued liabilities and deposits	\$	5,079	\$	23,364	\$	23,339	\$	5,104
Total - All Agency Funds								
Assets								
Cash and pooled investments Accounts receivable	\$	47,598 561	\$	8,329,396	\$	8,328,286 561	\$	48,708 -
Total assets	\$	48,159	\$	8,329,396	\$	8,328,847	\$	48,708
Liabilities	•	40.456	•	0.000.447	•	0.007.007	•	10.705
Other accrued liabilities and deposits	\$	48,159	\$	2,328,444	\$	2,327,895	\$	48,708



An Independent Member of Baker Tilly International

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 20, 2006

Members of the District Library Board Herrick District Library Holland, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the government activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Herrick District Library as of and for the year ended June 30, 2006, and have issued our report thereon dated October 20, 2006. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Herrick District Library's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Herrick District Library's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Library Board and management, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

October 20, 2006

District Library Board Herrick District Library 300 S. River Avenue Holland, MI 49423

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Herrick District Library for the year ended June 30, 2006, we considered the Library's internal controls to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal controls.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. We previously reported on the Library's internal control in our report dated October 20, 2006, on the financial statements of the Herrick District Library. This letter does not affect our report dated October 20, 2006 on the financial statements of Herrick District Library.

We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed these comments and suggestions with various personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist management in implementing the recommendations. Our comments are summarized as follows:

Internal Controls – Segregation of Duties

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and the safeguarding of the Library's assets. In establishing appropriate internal controls, careful consideration must be given to the cost of a particular control and the related benefits to be received. Accordingly, management must make the difficult decision of what degree of risk it is willing to accept, given the Library's unique circumstances.

As is the case with many organizations of similar size, the Library lacks a sufficient number of accounting personnel in order to ensure a complete segregation of duties within its accounting function. Ideally, no single individual should ever be able to authorize a transaction, record the transaction in the accounting records, and maintain custody of the assets resulting from the transaction. Effectively, proper segregation of duties is intended to prevent an individual from committing an act of fraud or abuse and being able to conceal it.

Events of recent years have given rise to a heightened awareness of the risks of fraud and abuse, especially in the governmental environment, where public accountability is at its highest. The purpose of internal controls is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are properly authorized and recorded. Any limitations on the effectiveness of a government's internal control systems carry with it a greater risk of fraud and abuse.

As stated previously, the establishing and maintaining of internal controls is the responsibility of management. As the Library's independent external auditors, we are specifically banned by professional standards from performing any management functions. In other words, the annual audit is <u>not</u> a part of the Library's internal control structure, and cannot be relied upon as part of *management's* systems to deter or detect fraud and abuse.

While there are, of course, no easy answers to the challenge of balancing the costs and benefits of internal controls and the segregation of duties, we would nevertheless encourage management to actively seek ways to further strengthen its internal control structure by requiring as much independent review, reconciliation, and approval of accounting functions by qualified members of management as possible.

We would like to thank the staff of the Library for their assistance and cooperation during the audit. We look forward to working with you in the future.

This information is intended solely for the use of the District Library Board Members and management of Herrick District Library and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rehmann Johann